

Product datasheet

anti-LEC / CCL16 / HCC4 mouse monoclonal, LEC-14, purified

Short overview

Cat. No. 691706

Quantity1 ml (100 μ g/ml)Concentration100 μ g/ml

Product description

Host Mouse
Antibody Type Monoclonal
Isotype IgG1 kappa
Clone LEC-14

ImmunogenRecombinant human LECFormulationPBS with 0.02% sodium azide

UniprotID O15467 (Human)

Synomym C-C motif chemokine 16, Chemokine CC-4, HCC-4, Chemokine LEC, IL-10-inducible chemokine,

LCC-1, Liver-expressed chemokine, Lymphocyte and monocyte chemoattractant, LMC,

Monotactin-1, MTN-1, NCC-4, Small-inducible cytokine A16, CCL16, ILINCK, NCC4, SCYA16

Conjugate Unconjugated

Purification Affinity chromatography

Storage 2-8°C

Intended use Research use only

Application ELISA, IHC **Reactivity** Human

Applications

ELISA Assay dependent
Immunohistochemistry (IHC) - frozen 1:50-1:100 (1-2 μg/ml)

Background

Liver Expressed Chemokine (LEC) is an 11 kDa inflammation related agent, known under many synonyms like Chemokine (C-C motif) Ligand 16 (CCL16), HCC4, NCC4, Monotactin-1 (MTN-1) etc. It is preferentially expressed and secreted by liver cells, but also found in spleen and thymus. It shows chemotactic activity towards activated lymphocytes and monocytes but not to neutrophils or resting lymphocytes. In monocytes, it is highly expressed after IL-10, LPS or IFN-gamma induction. It also shows potent myelosuppressive activity and suppresses proliferation of myeloid progenitor cells. LEC-receptors include CCR1, CCR2, CCR5 and CCR8. It is present in human serum in which it can be measured by ELISA.

Positive control: Liver, spleen and thymus.

Product images

