

Product datasheet

anti-PSAP mouse monoclonal, IHC655, purified

Short overview

 Cat. No.
 691726

 Quantity
 1 ml

Product description

| Host | Mouse |
|---------------|--|
| Antibody Type | Monoclonal |
| Isotype | IgG1 kappa |
| Clone | IHC655 |
| Immunogen | Recombinant Human PSAP |
| Formulation | Tris pH 7.3-7.7 with 1% BSA and 0.09% sodium azide |
| UniprotID | P07602 (Human) |
| Synomym | Prosaposin, Proactivator polypeptide [Cleaved into: Saposin-A, Protein A; Saposin-B-Val; |
| | Saposin-B, Cerebroside sulfate activator, CSAct, Dispersin, Sphingolipid activator protein 1, |
| | SAP-1, Sulfatide/GM1 activator; Saposin-C, A1 activator, Co-beta-glucosidase, |
| | Glucosylceramidase activator, Sphingolipid activator protein 2, SAP-2; Saposin-D, Component C, |
| | Protein C], PSAP, GLBA, SAP1 |
| Conjugate | Unconjugated |
| Purification | Affinity chromatography |
| Storage | 2-8°C |
| Intended use | Research use only |
| Application | IHC |
| Reactivity | Human |

Applications

Immunohistochemistry (IHC) - paraffin

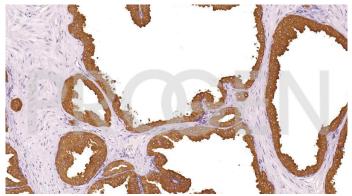
1:50-1:200 (microwave treatment recommended)

Background

Prostatic Specific Acid Phosphatase (PSAP) is a prostatic enzyme found in the glandular epithelium of the prostate. PSAP levels are elevated in hyperplastic prostate and prostate carcinoma, with the highest levels being detected in metastasized prostate cancer. Moderate overexpression of PSAP is also characteristic of diseases of the bone (such as Paget's disease or hyperparathyroidism), diseases of blood cells (such as sicklecell disease), multiple myeloma, or lysosomal storage diseases (such as Gaucher's disease). PSAP is considered more sensitive, yet less specific, than PSA, however Anti-PSAP can act as a useful complement to Anti-PSA under suitable clinical contexts.

Product images

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Prostate