

Product datasheet

anti-CD21 mouse monoclonal, B-G11, purified

Short overview

Cat. No. 691567

Quantity1 ml (100 μ g/ml)Concentration100 μ g/ml

Product description

HostMouseAntibody TypeMonoclonalIsotypeIgG2a kappaCloneB-G11ImmunogenHuman PBL

Formulation PBS with 0.02% sodium azide

UniprotID P20023 (Human)

Synomym Complement receptor type 2, Cr2, Complement C3d receptor, Epstein-Barr virus receptor, EBV

receptor, CD antigen CD21, CR2, C3DR

Conjugate Unconjugated

Purification Affinity chromatography

Storage 2-8°C

Intended use Research use only Application FACS, ICC/IF, IHC

Reactivity Human

Applications

 Flow Cytometry (FACS)
 0.5-1.0 μg/million cells in 0.1 ml

 Immunocytochemistry (ICC)
 1:100-1:200 (0.5-1.0 μg/ml)

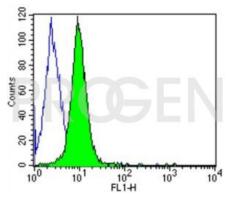
 Immunohistochemistry (IHC) - frozen
 1:50-1:100 (1-2 μg/ml)

Background

B-G11 reacts with D21, a 140 kDa cell surface molecule which acts as a receptor for EBV, for human complement factor C3d (CR2) and for IFN-alpha. It is a glycoprotein, made up of multiple (n=15) Short Consensus Repeats (S.C.R.) sequences. CD21 is expressed strongly on mature B-cells, follicular dendritic cells and weakly on immature thymocytes and T-lymphocytes. In B-cell ontogeny, CD21 appears after the pre-B-stage, is maintained during peripheral B-cell development and is lost upon terminal differentiation into plasma cells. CD21 expression also gradually lost after stimulation of B-cells in vitro.

Positive control: human PBL and tonsil.

Product images



FACS with Daudi cells